

TITAN

Application Note 4

Implementing a Data Logger for RS232/RS485
Devices

Implementing a Data Logger for Devices: RS232/RS485

1. Scenario Details

TITAN-based devices have all the typical functionalities of 4G/3G/2G routers, as well as a series of added features that make them one of the most feature-packed routers on the market.

One of the added features is the ability to store data from a serial device connected to an RS485 or RS232 port.

As always, this capability will be illustrated using a simple example.

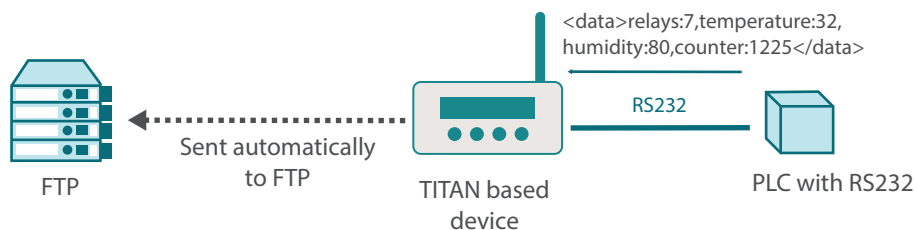
2. Description of the Example

In this example, a TITAN-based device will be configured to collect, store and send serial data from a PLC to a server via FTP. Each hour, the PLC sends an ASCII data frame via its RS232 serial port (the TITAN can also collect binary data) of the type:

```
<data>relays:7,temperature:32,humidity:80,counter:1225</data>
```

In addition to this, when an alert arises, it also sends a similar data frame through the serial port, indicating the alarm and the reason for it.

```
<alarm>alarm:1,subject:intrussion</data>
```



3. Configuring the Associated Serial Port

First we must decide which of the TITAN-based device's ports the device will be plugged into.

We will assume that the PLC is to be connected to the COM1 (RS232) port of the TITAN-based device. The PLC's serial port is set to 115200,8,n,1, we must therefore click in the "Serial Settings > Serial Port1-232" menu and configure the screen as follows:

Intelligent Router

No es seguro | 192.168.1.2/serial-settings.php?id=1

webdyn powered by **TITAN**
flexitron group

Serial Gateway > Com1 Settings

| | | |
|---------------|------|---|
| Baudrate: | 9600 | Baudrate of serial port |
| Data bits: | 8 | Number of data bit |
| Parity: | none | Parity |
| Stop bits: | 1 | Number of stop bits |
| Flow Control: | none | Flow control of serial port |
| Timeout ms: | 0 | msec without serial data before sending (default: 50) |

☐ Allow local embedded AT commands Ex.: <MTXTUNNEL>AT</MTXTUNNEL>

☐ Allow remote embedded AT commands Ex.: <MTXTUNNELR>AT</MTXTUNNELR>

☒ Allow incoming GSM call (CSD Data Call) Only TCP Server and TCP Client functions or Nothing

☒ Function: Nothing or used by External Device or Script

☐ Function: Serial - IP Gateway (TCP Server)

4. Log Type Configuration

The next step is to configure the type of logging, i.e. we must indicate the serial port that will be used, the number of frames that we want to log (all, 1 out of 2, 1 out of 3, etc.) or if we only want to log the frames with changes, etc.

In our example we want to capture all serial frames coming from the PLC, which will send us a frame with data each hour, plus any alarms that occur. To do this, click on the link: “External Devices > Generic Serial Device” and configure it as shown below:

The screenshot shows the webdyn web interface in a browser window. The browser's address bar displays '192.168.1.2/external-generic.php'. The webdyn logo is at the top, with 'powered by TITAN' and 'flexitron group' text. The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with categories: Mobile, Ethernet, Wifi, Firewall, Serial Settings, and External Devices. The 'External Devices' category is expanded, showing options like 'Logger configuration', 'ModBus Devices', 'Generic Serial Device', 'Temperature Sensor', 'IEC102 Meter', and 'W-MBus'. The main content area is titled 'External Devices > Generic Serial Device' and contains the following configuration options:

| | | |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Enabled: | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Enable Generic Serial Device |
| Serial Port: | Serial Port 1 | Select the connected serial port |
| Interval: | 0 | 0=save every serial frame |
| Only changes: | <input type="checkbox"/> | Check for register every serial frame if different than previous one. |
| Mode: | Raw (Default) | Communication mode with Titan |
| Logger: | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Check if logger must be used. Please, configure logger before using this option |
| TX Period: | 0 | Period mof TX Frames (seconds 30 ... 86400. 0=no TX Data) |
| TX Frame1: | | HEX Frame 1 (max length 256) |
| TX Frame2: | | HEX Frame 2 (max length 256) |
| TX Frame3: | | HEX Frame 3 (max length 256) |
| TX Frame4: | | HEX Frame 4 (max length 256) |
| TX Frame5: | | HEX Frame 5 (max length 256) |

At the bottom of the configuration area, there are two buttons: 'SAVE CONFIG' and 'VIEW LOG'.

5. Logger Configuration (communication with FTP server)

The last step is to configure the Logger, i.e. storage and the sending method. In this case we will choose FTP, but it could be HTTP / HTTPS or MQTT / MQTTS

Here we are going to configure an FTP server with the IP (or DNS) ftp.myserver.com, we want it to deposit the data in the folder “/data/plc/”. The Username will be “plc” and the Password “12345678”. Lastly, we must specify how often we want to upload a file with collected data. We can set it to each minute, each hour or each day. We are going to select each hour. This would be the configuration, which can be accessed from the “External Devices > Logger Configuration” menu.

The screenshot shows the 'Intelligent Router' web interface. In the left sidebar, under 'External Devices', 'Logger configuration' is selected and highlighted with a red box. The main content area shows the configuration for the logger. The 'Communication mode: FTP SERVER' section is highlighted with a red box. It includes the following fields:

- Enabled:** ☒ (Communication mode FTP enabled)
- FTP prot.:** (FTP / FTPS protocol)
- FTP Server:** (Destination FTP Server. Example: ftp.mydomain.com)
- FTP port:** (FTP server port. Default 21)
- FTP Path:** (FTP path. Example: /dev/plcs/)
- FTP Username:** (FTP Username)
- FTP Password:** (FTP Password)
- FTP File Period:** (FTP File Period (one file every minute, hour, day))

Below this, the 'Communication mode: MQTT' section is visible, with 'Enabled' set to ☐ and 'MQTT Topic' set to . A note states: 'Note: Other>MQTT menu must be configured'. At the bottom of the configuration area is a 'SAVE CONFIG' button.

6. Other Considerations

- After configuring the TITAN-based device we will need to perform a reset to accept the new configuration.
- Files sent to the FTP server will have file names similar to:
358709050113764-2015-09-20-13-44.txt

Where:

358709050113764 IMEI of the TITAN-based Device.

2015-09-20-13-44 File creation date.

- The contents of the files will be JSON objects, with content similar to:
{ "TYPE": "SERIAL", "TS": " 2021-11-14T06:55:50Z", "IMEI": "358709050113764", "P":
" ", "DATA": "3c646174613e72656c6179733a372c74656d7065726174757265
3a33322c68756d69646974793a38302c636f756e7465723a313232353c2
f646174613e0d0a" }

The data are encoded in hexadecimal form as the TITAN-based device is also capable of logging binary characters (not ASCII). For example "3c64617461..." = "<data ..."